

Death Rate for Heart Failure Patients

The rates displayed in this table were calculated from Medicare data on patients discharged between July 1, 2005 and June 30, 2008. They do not include people in Medicare Advantage (like an HMO or PPO) plans or people who do not have Medicare.

Heart Failure Death (Mortality) Rates tell you how the 30-day death rates from Heart Failure at the hospitals you selected compare to the U.S. National Heart Failure death (mortality) rate. These comparisons take into account how sick patients were before they were admitted to the hospital and differences in death rates that might be due to chance. For more information, see [How are the hospital death \(mortality\) measures calculated?](#)

Death rate for Heart Failure patients Compared to the U.S. National Rate.

The U.S. National Death (Mortality) Rate for Heart Failure Patients = 11.1 %

HOSPITAL NAME	Better Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is lower than the U.S. National Rate)	No Different Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is about the same as U.S. National Rate or difference is uncertain)	Worse Than U.S. National Rate (Adjusted mortality is higher than U.S. National Rate)
MERCY MEDICAL CENTER-DES MOINES		✓	

The "total number" of hospitals in the table below is the total number of hospitals that had eligible admissions for this measure. See [Information for Professionals](#) for additional information about the data collection for the mortality measures.

Out of 4773 in the United States →	213 hospitals in the United States were Better than U.S. National Rate	3812 hospitals in the United States were No different than U.S. National Rate	163 hospitals in the United States were Worse than U.S. National Rate
	585 hospitals in the United States did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are performing		
Out of 116 in Iowa →	1 hospitals were Better than U.S. National Rate	98 hospitals were No different than U.S. National Rate	3 hospitals were Worse than U.S. National Rate
	14 hospitals in Iowa did not have enough cases to reliably tell how well they are performing		

Note: Medicare derived the 30-Day Risk-Adjusted Death (Mortality) measures from its own data about patients on Original Medicare and the hospitals that treat them. The information in this table reflects care given only to patients who are on Original Medicare. All data are [risk-adjusted](#).